\*\*

3371

3

## Segmentation of speckle images based on level-crossing statistics

Robert H. Sperry and Kevin J. Parker

Department of Florence Engineering Productor Conter for Dismedical Illingsound University of Deckerter

Rochester, New York 14627

Received May 14, 1990; accepted November 5, 1990

13000 01274	(a)	(b)	plex images having multiple regions and unknown parame-
•			
			5
1913-			-
······································			
2.7 mm			
· •			
1¢			
. <u> </u>			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
<ul> <li>Applies the second secon</li></ul>			
A. generation of the second se			
	μ		
i han			
			ent
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

49?I. Ont. Soc. Am_A/Vol 8 No. 3/Merch 1991	P. H. Sprawn and W. I. Daulan
, <mark></mark>	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
· 	
a	
¥	
J_/	
	· · ·
$\xi(t)$ be a stationary process having spectral representation	in general quite complex, simple results are easily obtained
$\xi(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(jt\lambda) d\zeta(\lambda). \tag{8}$	for the limiting cases when $u \to 0$ and $u \to \infty$ . <sup>11,14</sup> Consider first the case of fades as $u \to \infty$ and the case of
/-∞ 	excursions when $u \rightarrow 0$ . In both of these cases the stationary
(1 <del></del>	

3e -	and an and the second sec
3	
- <b>F</b>	
4 <i></i>	
~	
V	
ł	
ł	
<u></u>	
۰. د	A
1	
•	
ti	
N 1	
tu t	
51 4	
1u 4	
51 4	



	D. H. Q	Vol 9 No 9/Morah 1001/I Ant Soo Am A 105
F		
lj –		
Ĺ		
ł —		
-	· ·	
·		
<b>,</b>	The scalar multiplication of $\mathcal{A}$ by the scalar <b>c</b> is denoted as $\mathbf{c}\mathcal{A} = \{\mathbf{c} \cdot \mathbf{x}   \mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{A}\}.$ (35) The reflection of $\mathcal{A}$ is the special case	written to generate synthetic speckle images with known parameters and contents. These images were constructed by generating independent, zero-mean, white, unit-variance, complex circular Gaussian variates that multiply some
<b>X</b>		
<u>ا</u>		
· <u>.                                    </u>	١	
<u> </u>		
Ì		
		8
•		
· · · ·		
	k	
.,		
<u>(</u>		
<u> </u>		
ي الله		
	L	
G		
<u>ц</u>		
• .		

496	J. Opt. Soc. Am. A/Vol. 8, No. 3/March 1991

R. H. Sperry and K. J. Parker

		result in a negligibly biased ratio of the mean to the standard deviation. For similar regions Wear and Popp <sup>16</sup> and Tuthill
<u>,                                     </u>	A	
<u>د من المناطقة المناطقة المن المن المن المن المن المن المن المن</u>		
÷		
1.		
<u> </u>		
1. 		
. 6	2	
		۸í
, <b>-</b>		-
-		
-		1
	·	
_		

R. H. Sperry and K. J. Parker

which the means of the two regions are known, the algorithm	at and the second s
	•
<u>*</u> ;	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
(b) ) Tj 8 0 0 8 180 493.48 ((b) ) 150: 8, 0 0 8 88 462.2 0m ((b) ) Tj 8 0 0 8 159 4	171. Tm ((b) ) 200: 8, 0 0 8 88 462.22 Tm ((b) ) Tj 8 0 0 8 214 471.1 Tm7((b) ) 250:
1922	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	и —
7.5 7.5	
· ·	
_	7
- <u>-</u>	<u>**.</u>
	Y <u>*</u>
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13
	11
	Y
	N
	Y*
	Y*

## REFERENCES

- 1. J. W. Goodman, "Statistical properties of laser speckle patterns," in Laser Speckle and Related Phenomena, J. C. Dainty,
- T. A. Tuthill, R. H. Sperry, and K. J. Parker, "Deviations from Rayleigh statistics in ultrasound speckle," Ultrasonic Imag. 10, 81-89 (1988).
- 10. J. L. Melsa and D. L. Cohen, Decision and Estimation Theory

2	
۰. <u>،</u>	
·	
, <del>.</del> .	
b	<b>1</b>
<u>y</u>	
•	
9. D. Middleton An Introduction to Statistical Communications	
2. D. Widdleton, An Introduction to Statistical Communications Theory (McGraw-Hill, New York, 1960).	chastic Processes (Wiley, New York, 1967).
3. J. Marron and G. M. Morris, "Properties of clipped laser speck- le <u>22 in Sec</u> elle 11 H. Assessed at Due Con Distance	12. A. Papoulis, Frobability, Random Variables and Stochastic
۶	
n	
₩	
*	
··	